Appendix L1 Cumulative Statistics on Exceedances

		Total No. recorded in this quarter	Total No. recorded since project commencement
1-Hr TSP	Action	0	0
	Limit	0	0
24-Hr TSP	Action	0	2
	Limit	0	0
Noise	Action	0	0
	Limit	0	0
Water Quality	Action	0	1
- ,	Limit	0	0
Impact Dolphin	Action	2	5
Monitoring	Limit	0	0

Appendix L2 Cumulative Statistics on Complaints, Notifications of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

Reporting Period	Cumulative Statistics			
_	Complaints	Notifications of	Successful	
		Summons	Prosecutions	
This quarter	1	0	0	
Total No. received since project commencement	2	0	0	



ERM-Hong Kong, Limited

CONTRACT NO. HY/2012/07 TUEN MUN - CHEK LAP KOK LINK SOUTHERN CONNECTION VIADUCT SECTION

Impact Dolphin Monitoring Notification of Exceedance

Log No.	0215660_Jun2014/Aug2014_dolphin_STG&ANI_NEL				
	0215660_Jun2014/Aug2014_dolphin_STG&ANI_NWL				
	[Total No. of Exceedances = 2]				
Date	June 2014 to August 2014 (monitored)				
	27 October 2014 (results received by ERM)				
Monitoring Area	Northeast	: Lantau (NEL) and Northwest Lantau (NWL)			
Parameter(s) with		ly encounter rate of dolphin sightings (STG)			
Exceedance(s)	Quarterly encounter rate of total number of dolphins (ANI)				
Action Levels		NEL: STG < 4.2 & ANI < 15.5			
		or NWL: STG < 6.9 & ANI < 31.3			
Limit Levels	North Lantau Social cluster	NEL: STG < 2.4 & ANI < 8.9			
		and			
		NWL: STG< 3.9 & ANI < 17.9			
Recorded Levels	NEL	STG = 0.4 & ANI = 1.7			
	NWL	STG = 4.7 & ANI = 17.5			
	Two Action Level Exceedances are recorded in the quarterly impact dolphin monitoring at NEL and				
	NWL between June 2014 and Au	gust 2014. The exceedances were reported in the approved <i>Tenth</i>			
	Monthly EM&A Report dated 11 September 2014.				
Statistical Analyses	Further to the review of the available and relevant dolphin monitoring data in the EM&A under this				
	Contract, statistical analyses were conducted as follows: • A two-way ANOVA with repeated measures and unequal sample size was conducted using				
	,	s impact - present impact quarter, June to August 2014) and			
		d NWL) as fixed factors to examine whether there were any			
		ne averages encounter rates between the baseline and present			
		By setting $\alpha = 0.1$ as the significance level in the statistical tests,			
		$^{\circ}G$ (p = 0.0199) and in ANI (p = 0.0597) between Period were			
	 detected. A two-way ANOVA with repeated measures and unequal sample size was conducted using Cumulative Period (2 levels: baseline vs impact – cumulative quarters*, December 2012 to August 2014) and Location (2 levels: NEL and NWL) as fixed factors to examine whether there were any significant differences in the averages encounter rates between the baseline and present impact monitoring quarter. By setting α = 0.1 as the significance level in the 				
		statistical tests, significant difference in STG ($p = 0.0037$) and in ANI ($p = 0.0013$) between			
	Cumulative Period and Location were detected.				
		nt date under Contract No. HY/2012/07 is 31 October 2013.			
Works Undertaken (in	In the quarter between June 2014 and August 2014, the major marine works under <i>Contract No.</i>				
the monitoring	HY/2012/07 included:				
quarter)	Additional marine ground	investigation (GI) and laboratory testing;			
	Marine piling platform installation;				
	Marine Piling at Viaducts B, D & E; and				
	Construction of rockfill pla				
	Construction of fockini pla	TOTAL TARGET D INTIMING.			

Possible Reason for	The exceedance is considered to be the natural variation of Chinese white dolphin (CWD) Sousa		
Action or Limit Level	chinensis ranging pattern and unlikely to be due to the Project, in view of the following:		
Exceedance(s)	 The <i>Monitoring of Marine Mammals in Hong Kong Waters</i> (2013 – 14) ⁽¹⁾ reported that dolphin usage and traveling activities to the northern side of the airport (dolphin traveling corridor) are affected by frequent high-speed ferry traffic from Sky Pier (not related to this project), which is likely a contributing factor for the decrease in dolphin abundances in NEL. As per the findings from the EIA report (Section 8.11.9), the major influences on the CWD under this Contract are marine traffics and bored piling works. The Contractor has implemented the marine traffic control as per the requirements in the EP-354/2009/B and the updated EM&A Manual. Likewise, the bored piling works were undertaken within a metal casing as described in the EP and the approved EIA Report. After reviewing of the bored piling records, the bored piling working rates in this quarter are within the allowable working rate described in the EP (<i>Clause 3.11</i>), in which construction works were not undertaken at more than 15 piers sites from June to August. Also, no installation of metal caisson into rock was conducted in June to avoid disturbance to CWD calving as required in <i>Clause 3.2</i> of the EP. During this quarter of dolphin monitoring, no adverse impact on CWD due to the activities under this Contract was observed. According to the findings in the quarterly water monitoring results between June and August 2014, the impact mean level of SS (Mid-ebb: 3.9 mg/L; Mid-flood: 4.1 mg/L) in this quarter is well below of the baseline mean level of SS (Mid-ebb: 10.2 mg/L; Mid-flood: 12.1 mg/L). This would imply that no unacceptable impact on SS levels was associated with the marine works under this Contract, and thus no indirect impacts on marine habitat quality due to change in water quality is observed in this Contract. Seasonal variation in individual ranging pattern which has been well documented in the literatures (2)(3). 		
Actions Taken / To Be	With reference to the site inspection records in this quarter, the respective marine ecological		
Taken	mitigation measures (including 250 m dolphin exclusion zone, marine bored piling monitoring,		
	underwater acoustic decoupling plan and marine traffic control) have been implemented properly		
	by the Contractor throughout the marine works period. No immediate additional action is		
Domanico	considered necessary. The ET will monitor for future trends in exceedance(s).		
Remarks	The results of impact water quality and impact dolphin monitoring, the status of implemented		
	marine ecological mitigation measures are documented in the approved <i>Eighth</i> to <i>Tenth EM&A Monthly Reports</i> .		
	1410 Hally Teports.		

⁽¹⁾

Hung SKY (2014). Prepared for AFCD. Available from: http://www.afcd.gov.hk/english/conservation/con_mar_chi/con_mar_chi_chi/con_mar_chi_chi.html

Jefferson & Hung (2010) A review of the status of the Indo-Pacific Humpback Dolphin (Sousa chinensis) in Chinese Waters. Aquatic Mammals (2) (30): 149 - 158.

Chen et al., (2010) Distribution, abundance, and individual movements of Indo-Pacific humpback dolphins (*Sousa chinensis*) in the Pearl River Estuary, China. Mammalia (74): 117 – 125. (3)